Amendments to the Claims:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (previously presented) A recombinant, purified, or isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from
- (a) the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;
- (b) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1;
- (c) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with SEQ ID NO: 1; or
- (d) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 2. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 wherein the <u>amino</u> <u>acid</u> sequence <u>of the polypeptide</u> has greater than 97% <u>amino acid sequence</u> identity with SEQ ID NO:1.
- 3. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 wherein the <u>amino</u> <u>acid</u> sequence <u>of the polypeptide</u> has greater than 99% <u>amino acid sequence</u> identity with SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 4. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 wherein the <u>amino</u> <u>acid</u> sequence <u>of the polypeptide</u> has greater than 99% <u>amino acid sequence</u> identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 5. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 [[4]] wherein the sequence is that of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1 the polypeptide consists of an amino acid sequence selected from

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(a) the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;

(b) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1;

(c) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with SEQ ID NO: 1; or

- (d) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 6. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 obtained which is obtainable from a bacterium.
- 7. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 <u>obtained which is obtainable</u> from *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis*.
- 8. (currently amended) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 <u>obtained which is</u> obtainable from a heterologous host transformed with a polynucleotide which encodes the polypeptide, wherein said host is capable of expressing said polypeptide.
- 9. (previously presented) The polypeptide as claimed in claim 8 wherein the host is E coli.
- 10. (currently amended) A genetic construct comprising
- (a) a promoter sequence;
- (b) an open reading frame polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as claimed in claim 1; and
- (c) a termination sequence.
- 11. (previously presented) A recombinant, purified, or isolated polynucleotide comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 or a variant thereof encoding a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from
 - (a) the sequence of SEQ ID No:1;
 - (b) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO:1;

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- (c) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:1; or
- (d) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 12. (original) A recombinant, purified or isolated polynucleotide with a nucleotide sequence complementary to the polynucleotide of claim 11.
- 13. (currently amended) One or more oligonucleotide or polynucleotide primers capable of amplifying a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide as claimed in claim 5 1-in a Polymerase Chain Reaction or other polynucleotide amplification method.
- 14. (currently amended) A purified or isolated antibody capable of binding a polypeptide as defined in claim 5[4].
- 15. (previously presented) A vaccine composition comprising a polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 and an acceptable diluent, carrier, excipient, or adjuvant, said polypeptide being present in an amount sufficient to generate a protective immune response to *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis* infection.
- 16. (currently amended) A diagnostic composition for use in detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis*, wherein said composition comprises a polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 together with one or more acceptable diluents, carriers, excipients, or adjuvants.
- 17. (currently amended) A diagnostic composition for detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis*, wherein said composition comprises a polynucleotide according to claim 11 together with one or more acceptable diluents, carriers, excipients, or adjuvants.
- 18. (currently amended) A diagnostic composition for detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis* comprising at least one oligonucleotide or polynucleotide primer capable of amplifying a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide as claimed in claim 51 in a Polymerase Chain Reaction or other polynucleotide amplification method.

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- 19. (currently amended) A diagnostic composition for detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis* comprising an antibody according to claim 14 together with one or more acceptable diluents, carriers, excipients, or adjuvants.
- 20. (currently amended) A method of detecting Johne's disease including preclinical Johne's disease in an animal comprising contacting either the animal or a sample from the animal with a polypeptide as claimed in claim 51— and detecting an immune response indicative of the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis*.
- 21. (previously presented) The method according to claim 20 wherein the response is a delayed-type hypersensitivity response.
- 22. (currently amended) The method according to claim 20 wherein said detecting comprises detecting the presence of antibodies that bind the polypeptide as claimed in claim 5a recombinant, purified, or isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from (a) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1; (b) a sequence which has greater than 99% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 23. (previously presented) The method according to claim 22 wherein the detection of the presence of antibodies is by ELISA, radioimmunoassay or Western blotting.
- A method of detecting Johne's disease including preclinical Johne's disease in an animal, the method comprising contacting a sample from the animal either with a purified or isolated antibody capable of binding a recombinant, purified, or isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from (a) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1, (b) a sequence which has greater than 99% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1; or with a composition comprising an antibody specific to a recombinant, purified, or isolated polypeptide as claimed in claim 5, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from (a) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1, (b) a sequence which has greater than 99% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO: 1; and one or more acceptable diluents, carriers, excipients, or adjuvants, and detecting a polypeptide which binds to the antibody.

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- 25. (previously presented) The method according to claim 24 wherein the presence of bound antibody is determined by ELISA, radioimmunoassay or Western blotting.
- 26. (previously presented) The method according to claim 24 for detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis* at a preclinical phase of Johne's disease.
- 27. (currently amended) A method of detecting Johne's disease including preclinical Johne's disease in an animal comprising contacting a sample from the animal with a composition comprising of at least one oligonucleotide or polynucleotide primers capable of amplifying a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide as claimed in claim 4 in a polynucleotide amplification method and detecting the amplification product.
- 28. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 27 wherein the polynucleotide amplification method is a polymerase chain reaction method.
- 29. (currently amended) The method according to claim <u>27_22</u>—for detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium avium* subspecies *paratuberculosis* at a preclinical phase of Johne's disease.
- 30. (currently amended) A method of detecting Johne's disease in an animal comprising contacting a sample from the animal with a composition comprising a polynucleotide capable of binding to a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide as claimed in claim 5[4].
- 31. (previously presented) The method according to claim 30 wherein said polynucleotide is detectably labeled.
- 32. (previously presented) The method according to claim 31 wherein said detectable label is a radioisotope or fluorescent tag.
- 33. (previously presented) A method of prophylactically or therapeutically treating an animal against Johne's disease which comprises administering to an animal a polypeptide as claimed in claim 1 to produce a protective immunological response in the animal.

- 34. (previously presented) The method according to claim 33 which is a therapeutic method.
- 35. (previously presented) The method according to claim 33 which is a prophylactic method.
- 36. (original) A method of vaccinating against Johne's disease which comprises administering to an animal a vaccine composition as claimed in claim 15 in an amount sufficient to produce a protective response.
- 37. (previously presented) The method according to claim 36 wherein said administration is performed on a single occasion.
- 38. (previously presented) The method according to claim 36 wherein said administration is performed on more than one occasion.
- 39. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 36 wherein 0.1-1000µg/Kg is administered of a recombinant, purified, or isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from
- (a) the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1;
- (b) amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (c) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:1; or
- (d) a sequence which has greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity with the sequence of amino acids 20 to 235 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 40. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 39 wherein $5-500\mu g/Kg$ of the polypeptide is administered.
- 41. (currently amended) A kit for use in detecting the presence of *Mycobacterium* avium subspecies paratuberculosis comprising at least two of the following:

a polypeptide as claimed in claim 51;

an antibody that binds said polypeptide; or

- a reagent for determining antigen-antibody binding.
- 42. (previously presented) A host cell transformed with a polynucleotide of claim 11.
- 43. (original) A vector comprising the construct as claimed in claim 10.
- 44. (original) A host cell incorporating a construct of claim 10.
- 45. (original) A host cell incorporating a vector as claimed in claim 43.
- 46. (previously presented) The host cell according to claim 45 wherein said vector exists within the host cell as a plasmid.
- 47. (previously presented) The host cell according to claim 45 wherein said vector is integrated into the genome of the host cell.
- 48. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the animal is a ruminant.
- 49. (currently amended) The method as claimed in claim <u>48</u> [[47]] wherein the animal is a sheep.
- 50. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 33 wherein the animal is a ruminant.
- 51. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 50 wherein the ruminant is a sheep.
- 52. (cancelled)